## Name: \_\_\_\_\_

- 1. Write the division statement for  $(a^4 + 4a^3 a^2 10a 6) \div (a + 3)$ .
  - A.  $a^4 + a^3 4a^2 + 2a 12$
  - B.  $a^3 + a^2 4a + 2 + \frac{-12}{x+3}$
  - C.  $a^3 + a^2 4a + 2$
  - D.  $a^4 + 7a^3 + 20a^2 + 50a + 144$

4. What is the complete factorization of  $4x^6 - 13x^4 + 9x^2$ ?

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B.  $\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{41}}{8}$ 

D.  $\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{23}}{3}$ 

A.  $x^2(4x^2 - 9)(x + 1)(x - 1)$ 

- B.  $x^2(2x+3)(2x-3)(x^2-1)$
- C.  $x^{2}(2x+3)(2x-3)(x+1)(x-1)$
- D.  $x^{2}(2x+3)(2x+3)(x+1)(x+1)$

2. Express 
$$\frac{5}{1-2i}$$
 in the form  $a + bi$ .  
A.  $-\frac{5}{3} + \frac{10i}{3}$  B.  $5 + 2i$   
C.  $1 + 2i$  D.  $5 + 10i$   
5. If  $4x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$ , then  $x = ?$   
A.  $\frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{41}}{8}$  B.  
C.  $\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{23}}{6}$  D.

3. Simplify: 
$$\frac{x-3}{x-2} + \frac{5}{x+2}$$

A. 
$$\frac{x^2 + 4x - 16}{x^2 - 4}$$
 B.  $\frac{x - 15}{2x}$   
C.  $\frac{5x - 15}{x^2 - 4}$  D.  $\frac{x + 2}{x^2 - 4}$ 

6. If point (a, b) lies on the graph y = f(x), the graph  $y = f^{-1}(x)$  must contain point

A. 
$$(b, a)$$
 B.  $(a, 0)$ 

C. 
$$(0, b)$$
 D.  $(-a, -b)$ 

- 7. The vertex of the parabola  $y = x^2 + 8x + 10$  lies in Quadrant
  - A. I B. II C. III D. IV

When factored completely,  $27y^3 - 64$  is equivalent

11. Which function corresponds to the ordered pairs in the table?

| $ \begin{array}{c cc} -5 & -15 \\ \hline -3 & -9 \\ \hline -1 & -3 \\ \end{array} $ |
|---|
| $ \begin{array}{c c} -3 & -9 \\ \hline -1 & -3 \end{array} $                        |
| -1 -3   |
|   |
| 2 6   |

A.  $f(x) = -3x^2$ B. f(x) = 3xC. f(x) = -3x - 1D.  $f(x) = 3x^2 - 1$ 

12. A polynomial, P(x), has real coefficients and also has zeros at 1, 1 + i, and 2 - i. Then this polynomial must have a degree of:

| A. | at least 5 | В. | exactly 3     |
|----|------------|----|---------------|
| C. | at least 6 | D. | none of these |

- 13. What is the end behavior of the following polynomial,  $f(x) = -3x^3 + 2x 1$ ?
  - A. The left-hand tail rises and the right-hand tail falls.
  - B. The left-hand and right-hand tails both fall.
  - C. The left-hand tail falls and the right-hand tail rises.
  - D. The left-hand tail falls and the right-hand tail terminates.

- C.  $(3y-4)(3y^2+12y+16)$ 
  - D.  $(3y 4)(9y^2 24y + 16)$

A.  $(3y - 4)(9y^2 + 12y + 16)$ 

B.  $(3y+4)(9y^2+24y+16)$ 

8.

to:

9. What is the domain of the function?

$$f(x) = \frac{8}{x+3} - 2$$

- A.  $(-\infty,2)U(2,\infty)$  B.  $(-\infty,\infty)$
- C.  $(-\infty,3)U(3,\infty)$  D.  $(-\infty,-3)U(-3,\infty)$

10. Which equation has roots with the sum equal to  $\frac{9}{4}$  and the product equal to  $\frac{3}{4}$ ?

A. 
$$4x^2 + 9x + 3 = 0$$
 B.  $4x^2 + 9x - 3 = 0$ 

C. 
$$4x^2 - 9x + 3 = 0$$
 D.  $4x^2 - 9x - 3 = 0$ 

| 14. | What is the solution set of the inequality $5 -  x + 4  \le -3$ ?  | 17. What is the sum of the solutions to $\frac{3}{x-2} - \frac{6}{x} = 1$ ?   |
|-----|--|---|
|     | A. $-2 \le x \le 6$ B. $x \le -2$ or $x \ge 6$ C. $-12 \le x \le 4$ D. $x \le -12$ or $x \ge 4$  | A. 1 B. $-1$ C. 3 D. $\frac{11}{3}$   |
| 15. | Solve for x: $\frac{-1}{2} 2x+6 +2=0$<br>A. $x = 5$ or $x = 1$ B. $x = 5$<br>C. $x = -5$ or $x = -1$ D. $x = -1$   | <ul> <li>18. An initial deposit of \$2800 is made in a savings account for which the interest is compounded continuously. The balance will triple in eight years. What is the annual rate of interest for this account?</li> <li>A. 6.9% B. 13.7%</li> <li>C. 9.9% D. None of the above.</li> </ul> |
| 16. | <ul> <li>If y = f(x) is a 1-1 function and (5, 1) is a point on its graph, which of the following statements is correct?</li> <li>A. (-5, 1) is a point on the graph of the inverse</li> </ul> | 19. If $A = \pi r^2$ , then $\log A$ is equivalent to<br>A. $2(\log \pi + \log r)$ B. $\log \pi + 2\log r$<br>C. $\log \pi + \frac{1}{2}\log r$ D. $(\log \pi)(\log r^2)$   |
|     | <ul> <li>function y = f<sup>-1</sup>(x).</li> <li>B. (1, 5) is a point on the graph of the inverse function y = f<sup>-1</sup>(x).</li> </ul>  |   |
|     | <ul> <li>C. f(5) = f(1)</li> <li>D. the graph of the inverse function y = f<sup>-1</sup>(x) will be symmetric about the <i>y</i>-axis.</li> </ul>  | 20. Given that $3^{x+2y} = 27$ and $2^{2x+y} = 8$ then $x - y$ is equal to:<br>A. 0 B. 2 C. 3<br>D. none of the above   |
|     |  |   |